

# Issues on Ernst Posner Papers in NARA,

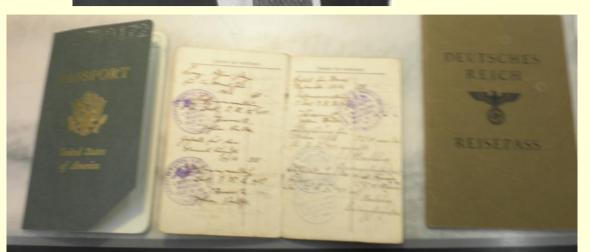
## from the viewpoint of a Japanese archivist

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NARA Archives II (Child care center)



#### Introduction

On my first visit to the National Archives and Records Administration at College Park, Maryland in 2014, I asked to show me Ernst Posner Papers. For me, a "researcher" of ancient Greek archives, Ernst Posner is the author of *Archives in the Ancient World*. When I heard the existence of the papers, I wonder why the national archives holds such personal papers. Posner papers is one of the more than 700 donated materials which are received by NARA under a deed of gift and preserved because of the direct relation to Federal records. As I learned his brief biography, I felt the power of his archival materials in the reading room. From the view point of a new professional in Japan, I would like to discuss the following issues.

### **Ernst Maximilian Posner's brief biography**

Aug 9, 1892 born in Berlin, Germany
prosperous Prussian Jewish Christian home
1910 Graduated form gymnasium and enter univ.
1911-12 Military service
1914-1918 WWI, awarded (braveness and injury)
Feb. 1920 Received Doctorate from Berlin University
1920-1938 engaged in the Prussian State Archives

Spring 1938 Visiting USA for two months

Nov. 1938 arrested and imprisoned by NAZI

escaped to US and lost his assets

1939 teaching at American University

1940-1945 assistant professor of American University

the American Commission for the Protection and Salvage of Artistic and Historic Monuments in Europe

"the Posner Affair" vs Senator McKellar

1945-61 professor of American University

1955-56 President of SAA

1957-58 stay in Rome

1961 Retired from American University

1962 served for UNESCO/ICA

1967 Cerebrate his 75<sup>th</sup> birthday and

Publish Archives and the public interest

1972 Publish Archives in the Ancient World

1973 Oral history project

Apr. 18. 1980 passed away

1983 First awarded SAA

Ernst Posner Award

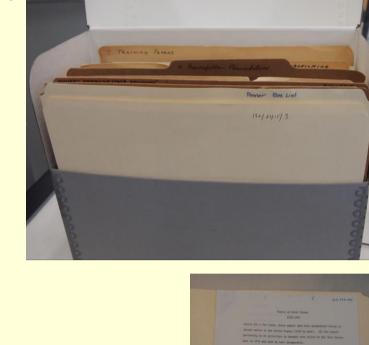


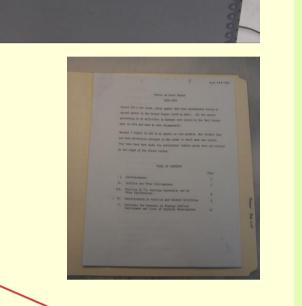
**ARCHIVES** 

"Ernst-Posner-Bau"

2009 German Federal Archives named the new building after him







NN-370-190 Posner Papers

### No more WARS!

Ernst Posner had to quit his career at his 40's. He tried to save archives in war-area. Even though he worked for the US archives eagerly, he was suspected and attacked.

# Archives in the Ancient World Ernst Posner Harvard University Press

His self-writing box list from Box1

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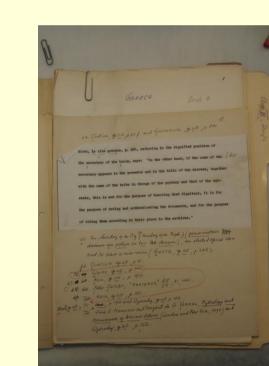
Correspondence

Articles and Other Publications

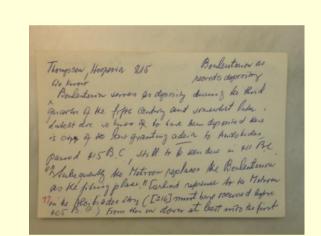
Teaching at The American University and at Other Institution Participation in Archival and Related Activities Materials for Research in Foreign Archival Development and Lists of Archival Repositories

NARA Catalog describes it as 4 series #18514920.

Drafts and notecards for Archives in the Ancient World



### Note on Bouleuterion



### **Comparison with situation in Japan**

National Archives of Japan, established in 1971, has around 52 regular staff. When Posner surveyed the archives in Japan in 1945, it did not exist. After enactment of Public Records and Archives Management Act in 2009, it struggles with weak legal and financial support as well as difficulty of human resources.

Personal papers acquisition through donation is limited to politicians (former Prime Ministers) even after the law acted.. In spite of archival tradition from ancient times, so many records and archives were lost, not only by air attack but also the Japanese officials' order of destruction. The importance of public records and archives is hardly recognized among people.

# Friendship learned from correspondence •Solon Justus Buck, Second Archivist of US

•Dr. Johannes Papritz, Derectore of the Marburg Archives School

•Dr. Woflgang Mommsen, President of the German Federal Archives,

•Frank B Evans

•Eugen Anderson and so on.



### **Discussion**

What happened during and just after the World War II? Archives may tell us. Keeping records and cataloguing are significant to access records. We also recognize the importance of oral history projects. Learning the history and fundamentals of our profession might bring us peace.

"Personal archives " should be also discussed.

Acknowledgments:: I am grateful to archivists of NARA Archives II